Certificate of Analysis for NR-51560

Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Strain MRSN 8914

Catalog No. NR-51560

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Product Description:

Pseudomonas aeruginosa (P. aeruginosa), strain MRSN 8914 was isolated in 2007 from a human as part of a surveillance program in the United States. *P. aeruginosa*, strain MRSN 8914 was deposited as resistant to gentamicin, ciprofloxacin, tobramycin, aztreonam, cefepime, piperacillin/tazobactam, imipenem, levofloxacin and meropenem with intermediate resistance to amikacin and ceftazidime.

Lot: 70024996[1] **Manufacturing Date: 06JUN2019**

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis		
Cellular morphology	Gram-negative rods	Gram-negative rods
Colony morphology[2]	Report results	Circular, slight peaked, undulate, smooth and green (Figure 1)
Motility (wet mount)	Report results	Motile
VITEK® 2 (GN card)	*P. aeruginosa* (≥ 89%)	*P. aeruginosa* (99%)
Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile[3]		
VITEK® (AST-GN81 Card)		
Ampicillin	Report results	Resistant (≥ 32 µg/mL)
Amoxicillin/clavulanic acid	Report results	Resistant (≥ 32 µg/mL)
Piperacillin/tazobactam	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 128 µg/mL)
Cefazolin	Report results	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Cefoxitin	Report results	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Ceftazidime	Intermediate	Resistant (32 µg/mL)[4]
Ceftriaxone	Report results	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Cefepime	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Meropenem	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Amikacin	Intermediate	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)[4]
Gentamicin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Tobramycin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Ciprofloxacin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 4 µg/mL)
Levofloxacin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL)
Tetracycline	Report results	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Nitrofurantoin	Report results	Resistant (≥ 512 µg/mL)
Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole	Report results	≥ 320 µg/mL[5]
Genotypic Analysis		
Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene (1470 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to *P. aeruginosa,* strain MRSN 8914 (GenBank: RXTB01000215.1)	100% sequence identity to *P. aeruginosa,* strain MRSN 8914 (GenBank: RXTB01000215.1)
Purity (post-freeze)[6]	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability (post-freeze)[2]	Growth	Growth

[1]NR-51560 was produced by inoculation of the depositor material into Tryptic Soy broth and grown for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Tryptic Soy agar kolles, which were grown for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.
[2]1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar
[3]Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); MIC Interpretation Guideline: CLSI M100-S28 (2018)
[4]The susceptibility result for this antibiotic is within one doubling dilution of specification, which is considered an equivalent result.
[5]Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole MIC interpretive standards are not available for *P. aeruginosa*, however most clinical isolates are resistant to trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole. For more information, please refer to Köhler, T., et al. "Multidrug Efflux in Intrinsic Resistance to Trimethoprim and Sulfamethoxazole in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 40 (1996): 2288-2290. PubMed: 9036831.
[6]Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with and without 5% CO_2 on Tryptic Soy agar.

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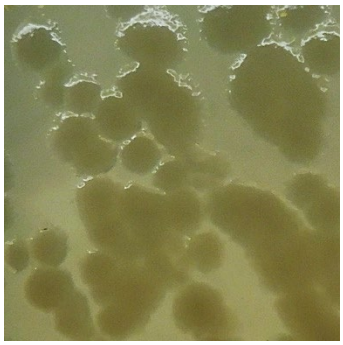
Figure 1: Colony Morphology



/Heather Couch/
Heather Couch 06 DEC 2019
Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

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