

Staphylococcus aureus, Strain OR-283

Catalog No. NR-46256

Product Description: *Staphylococcus aureus* (*S. aureus*), strain OR-283 is of unknown origin. *S. aureus*, strain OR-283 is a clinically-associated methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) strain.

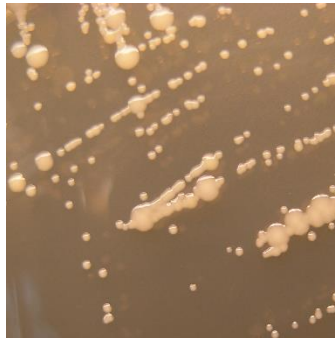
Lot¹: 2127

Manufacturing Date: 26OCT2016

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis Cellular morphology Colony morphology ^{2,3} Motility (wet mount) Hemolysis ⁴ Biochemical characterization Catalase Coagulase ⁵ VITEK [®] 2 Compact (GP card)	Gram-positive cocci Report results Report results Report results Positive Report results ≥ 90% probability of being <i>S. aureus</i>	Gram-positive cocci Circular, low convex, entire, smooth and cream (Figure 1) Non-motile β-hemolytic Positive Positive <i>S. aureus</i> (99% probability) ⁶
Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile VITEK [®] (AST-GP71 card) ⁷ Beta-lactamase ⁸ Cefoxitin screen Benzylpenicillin Oxacillin Gentamicin Ciprofloxacin Levofloxacin Moxifloxacin Clindamycin (inducible resistance) Erythromycin Clindamycin Quinupristin/dalfopristin Linezolid Daptomycin Vancomycin Minocycline Tetracycline Tigecycline Nitrofurantoin Rifampicin Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole Etest [®] antibiotic test strips ¹⁰ Chloramphenicol ¹¹ Teicoplanin ¹¹	Report results Report results Report results Resistant Sensitive Report results Resistant Report results Report results Resistant Resistant Report results Sensitive Sensitive Sensitive Report results Sensitive Report results Report results Sensitive Sensitive Report results Report results Report results Report results Sensitive Report results Report results	Positive Positive Resistant (≥ 0.5 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 4 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Negative Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Resistant (≥ 8 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.25 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 2 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 0.25 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 1 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 1 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.12 µg/mL) ⁹ Sensitive (≤ 16 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 0.5 µg/mL) Sensitive (≤ 10 µg/mL) Sensitive (= 2 - 4 µg/mL) ¹² Sensitive (= 1.5 µg/mL)
Genotypic Analysis Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene (~ 1460 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to <i>S. aureus</i> type strain (GenBank: L37597)	100% sequence identity to <i>S. aureus</i> type strain (GenBank: L37597)
Purity (post-freeze)¹³	Consistent with expected colony morphology	Consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability (post-freeze)²	Growth	Growth

- ¹*S. aureus*, strain OR-283 was deposited to BEI Resources as part of the NARSA collection. NR-46256 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Tryptic Soy broth and grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Tryptic Soy agar kolles which were grown 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.
- ²1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar
- ³Two colony sizes were observed. Plating of the individual colony sizes showed that they did not revert to the mixed colony sizes. VITEK® MS (MALDI-TOF) analysis identified cells from both colony sizes as *S. aureus*. The 16S ribosomal RNA gene of each colony size was sequenced and found to have 100% sequence identity with the other colony size and with the *S. aureus* type strain (GenBank: L37597).
- ⁴1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood
- ⁵4 hours at 37°C in rabbit serum with 0.15% EDTA (Coagulase Plasma BBL™ 240827)
- ⁶Percent probabilities above 90% indicate a close match to the typical biochemical pattern for the given organism, with a percent probability of 99% being a perfect match between the test reaction pattern and the unique biochemical pattern of the given organism or organism group. For additional information, please refer to O'Hara, C.M. and J. M. Miller. "Evaluation of the VITEK 2 ID-GNB Assay for Identification of Members of the Family *Enterobacteriaceae* and Other Nonenteric Gram-Negative Bacilli and Comparison with the VITEK GNI+ Card." *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 41 (2003): 2096-2101. PubMed: 12734254.
- ⁷Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); MIC Interpretation Guideline: CLSI M100-S22 (2012)
- ⁸The production of beta-lactamase was detected using a Cefinase™ Paper Disc (BBL™ 231650).
- ⁹MIC Interpretation Guideline: EUCAST Version 4.0 (2014)
- ¹⁰1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Mueller Hinton agar
- ¹¹For both chloramphenicol (bioMérieux Etest® 412308) and teicoplanin (bioMérieux Etest® 412459), a MIC ≤ 8 µg/mL is sensitive, a MIC = 16 µg/mL is intermediate and a MIC ≥ 32 µg/mL is resistant.
- ¹²*S. aureus*, strain OR-283 was deposited as having an intermediate susceptibility to chloramphenicol. Antibiotic susceptibility testing performed in duplicate determined that strain OR-283 is sensitive to chloramphenicol.
- ¹³Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

Figure 1: Colony Morphology



Date: 21 FEB 2017

Signature:

BEI Resources Authentication

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